



October 21, 2022

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

Contact: Christin Kamm
402-471-6856

NDA REPORTS ADDITIONAL CASE OF HPAI IN NEBRASKA

LINCOLN – The Nebraska Department of Agriculture (NDA) in conjunction with the United States Department of Agriculture’s (USDA) Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) is announcing another confirmed case of highly pathogenic avian influenza (HPAI). This brings the total number of cases of HPAI in Nebraska this year to 12. The 12th farm is a commercial flock of gamebirds in York County.

According to NDA State Veterinarian Dr. Roger Dudley, the affected flock was humanely depopulated and will be disposed of in an approved manner. NDA will establish a 6.2-mile control zone, as is USDA policy, around the affected premises. Poultry producers should know the signs and symptoms of HPAI and notify NDA immediately of sick or dying birds.

HPAI is a highly contagious virus that spreads easily among birds through nasal and eye secretions, as well as manure. The virus can be spread in various ways from flock to flock, including by wild birds, through contact with infected poultry, by equipment, and on the clothing and shoes of caretakers. Wild birds can carry the virus without becoming sick, while domesticated birds can become very sick.

Symptoms of HPAI in poultry include: a decrease in water consumption; lack of energy and appetite; decreased egg production or soft-shelled, misshapen eggs; nasal discharge, coughing, sneezing; incoordination; and diarrhea. HPAI can also cause sudden death in birds even if they aren’t showing any other symptoms. HPAI can survive for weeks in contaminated environments.

NDA is encouraging bird owners to prevent contact between their birds and wildlife and to practice strict biosecurity measures. If producers suspect signs of HPAI in their flock, they should report it to NDA immediately at 402-471-2351. More information for producers can be found at <https://nda.nebraska.gov/animal/avian/index.html> or <http://healthybirds.aphis.usda.gov>.

Enhanced biosecurity helps prevent the introduction and spread of viruses and diseases including HPAI. NDA and USDA have resources available to help poultry owners step up their biosecurity efforts.

- Know the warning signs of infectious bird diseases like HPAI. Be on the lookout for unusual signs of behavior, severe illness and/or sudden deaths.

- more -

- Restrict access to your property and poultry.
- Keep it clean. Wear clean clothes, scrub boots/shoes with disinfectant and wash hands thoroughly before and after contact with your flock.
- If you, your employees, or family have been on other farms, or other places where there is livestock and/or poultry, clean and disinfect your vehicle tires and equipment before returning home.
- Don't share equipment, tools, or other supplies with other livestock or poultry owners.
- In addition to practicing good biosecurity, all bird owners should prevent contact between their birds and wild birds, making sure wild birds cannot access domestic poultry's feed and water sources.
- Report sick birds immediately to: NDA at 402-471-2351; the USDA at 866-536-7593; or your veterinarian.

Early detection is important to prevent the spread of disease. According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the risk to people getting HPAI infections from birds is low.

All poultry entering Nebraska must be accompanied by a VS form 9-3 or Certificate of Veterinary Inspection (CVI, or health certificate). If you are considering moving an animal into Nebraska from an affected state, please call 402- 471-2351 to learn more. Nebraska poultry owners wanting to ship poultry out of state should consult the state veterinarians of the destination states for import requirements.

###

Current Status of Impacted Farms

Location	Flock Size	Flock Type	Depopulation	Disposal Method	Surveillance / Control Zone
Merrick County	100 birds or under	Mixed-Chicken/Waterfowl	Completed	Incineration completed	Surveillance zone released
Butler County – 1	570,000	Broilers	Completed	Composting completed	Control & surveillance zones released
Butler County – 2	400,000	Broilers	Completed	Composting completed	Control & surveillance zones released
Holt County	50 birds or under	Mixed-Chicken/Waterfowl	Completed	Incineration completed	Surveillance zone released
Scotts Bluff County	50 birds or under	Mixed-Chicken/Waterfowl	Completed	Incineration completed	Surveillance zone released
Dixon County	1.7 million	Laying Hens	Completed	Composting completed	Control & surveillance zone released
Knox County	2.1 million	Laying Hens	Completed	Composting completed	Control & surveillance zone released
Washington County	55 birds or under	Mixed-Chicken/Waterfowl	Completed	Incineration completed	Surveillance zone released
Dawes County	50 birds or under	Chickens	Completed	Incineration completed	Surveillance zone active
York County – 1	159,000 birds	Gamebirds	Completed	Burial completed	Control zone active
Box Butte	100 birds or under	Chickens	Completed	Incineration completed	Surveillance zone active
York County – 2	33,500	Gamebirds	Completed	In process	Control zone being established